# *Kitagawa* p-Dichlorobenzene 730 DETECTOR TUBES

★ READ CAREFULLY THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL AND THE INSTRUCTIONS OF MODEL S-20 AIR SAMPLER SERIES PRIOR TO USING THIS PRODUCT.

CAUTION FOR SAFETY

- 1) SAFETY GLASSES AND GLOVES SHOULD BE WORN TO PREVENT INJURY FROM SPLINTERING GLASS.
- 2) DETECTING REAGENT AND REMOVER CONTAIN SMALL AMOUNT OF CHEMICALS. IN CASE OF CONTACT WITH THE CONTENTS OF BROKEN TUBE, WASH OFF SKIN THOROUGHLY WITH WATER.
- 3) KEEP THE TUBES OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION FOR USE

- 1) STORE TUBES IN A COOL AND DARK PLACE (0°C − 25°C / 32 − 77°F) AND USE BEFORE EXPIRY DATE PRINTED ON TOP OF THE BOX.
- 2) DETECTOR TUBE AND PRE-TREAT TUBE ARE MANUFACTURED IN PAIRS; USE THEM IN PAIRS WHICH ARE IN THE SAME BOX.
- 3) READ CONCENTRATION IMMEDIATELY AFTER MEASUREMENT BECAUSE THE STAINED LAYER GETS LONGER GRADUALLY.

#### • USE

THIS TUBE IS FOR QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS OF VERY SMALL AMOUNT OF INDOOR p - Dichlorobenzene vapour.

T.L.V. : Japan ; 10 ppm (60 mg / m<sup>3</sup>) (2002) U.S.A. 10 ppm (2002)

## • SPECIFICATIONS

PGAS	RE-TREAT TUBE CONNECTING TUE	DETECTOR TUBE E	RUBBER TUBE CONNECTOR				
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	OXIDIZER (GRAY)	REAGENT (ORANGE)					
Measuring Range	0.01 - 0.4 ppm						
Sampling Volume	$3 \& (200 \text{ m} / \text{min} \times 15 \text{ min})$						
Colour Change	$Orange \rightarrow Reddish Purple$						
Detectable Limit	0.002 ppm						
Operating temperature	10 - 35°C (50 - 95°F) (Temperature correction is necessary.)						
Operating humidity	0 - 90 % RH (Not affected by humidity)						
Chemical reaction	Detection of acid formed by oxidization of lead oxide with pH indicator						

#### ● INTERFERENCE AND CROSS SENSITIVITY

Substance		Single existence		Coexistence
	Conc.	Influence	Conc.	Influence
	(ppm)		(ppm)	
Trichloroethylene	-	Similar stain is produced.	-	Higher readings are given.
Tetrachloroethylene	-	Similar stain is produced.	-	Higher readings are given.
1,2-Dichloroethylene	-	Similar stain is produced.	-	Higher readings are given.
Vinyl chloride	-	Similar stain is produced.	-	Higher readings are given.

#### • OPERATION

- ① Break both ends of detector tube with ampoule cutter provided, and connect detector tube with connecting tube or tube connector of Model S-20 Air Sampler series as shown in illustration in SPECIFICATIONS.
- (2) In accordance with Instruction manual of each air sampler, preset TIMER (Hours) at 15 minutes and adjust sampling volume at 200 ml/min.
- ③ After completion of sampling (15 minutes), remove the detector tube and read the scale at the top of the stained layer.
- ④ When using in other temperature circumstances than 25 °C (77°F), correct readings after getting a temperature correction coefficient from the following table.
- \* With regard to sampling and measuring procedure, it depends on each model of air sampler, therefore read instruction manual of each instrument carefully and make a measurement.

#### • CONVERSION OF CONCENTRATION UNIT

Conversion of concentration unit is obtained according to the following formula.

Measured concentration ( $\mu$  g / m<sup>3</sup>) = 6012 × Measured concentration (ppm) (at 25 °C) (77°F)

#### • CORRECTION FOR AMBIENT CONDITIONS

Temperature : Readings obtained in other temperature circumstances than 25 °C (77°F) should be corrected with the following temperature correction table.

	Table of the coefficient for temperature correction											
	Temp(℃)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
	10	2.63	2.41	2.20	2.01	1.85	1.70	1.58	1.47	1.37	1.30	
	20	1.23	1.17	1.14	1.09	1.04	1.00	0.96	0.93	0.90	0.89	
	30	0.86	0.85	0.84	0.84	0.83	0.81	_		_	_	
	(Procedure of temperature correction)								-			
	Actual reading can be obtained by multiplying reading of tubes by coefficient for											
	temperature correction shown in above table.											
Actual p-Dichlorobenzene concentration (ppm)												
= reading value (ppm) $\times$ Coefficient for temperature correction												
	······································											
	Procedure to get coeffcient for temperature correction from the table.											
	In case of temperature of 23 $^{\circ}$ C, the arrow pointed 1.09 which is found by proportional								nal			
allotment of 20 °C and 3 °C in the table is the coefficient for temperature correction.								on.				
Table of the coefficient for temperature correction												
$\operatorname{Temp}(^{\circ}C) = 0 = 1 = 2 = 3 = 4$												
		L L	10	2.63	3 2.4	1 2.20	) 2.4	1 1.8	5			

Humidity : Not affected at 10 - 90 % RH

Atmospheric pressure : Correction for atmospheric pressure can be made by the following formula. Reading value (ppm) × 1013 (hPa) ÷ Atmospheric pressure at measuring point

►1 09

0.84

1 04

## • DISPOSAL OF TUBE

This detector tube does not include hazardous substance.

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Dispose of them as "rubbish of glass and of ceramics" in general wastes or industrial wastes. This pre-treat tube includes 22 mg of hazardous substance, lead compound per tube. Dispose of them as "rubbish of glass and of ceramics contained lead compound.

0.86 0.85 0.84

- SPECIFICATIONS & APPEARANCE ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT ANY PREVIOUS NOTICE FOR IMPROVEMENT OF PERFORMANCE.
- XX PLEASE FEEL FREE TO HAVE A CONTACT WITH US IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTION AGAINST PRODUCTS OR GAS MEASUREMENT.

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