

INSTRUCTION MANUAL 1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE DETECTOR TUBE

No.145SA

- ★ READ CAREFULLY THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL AND THE INSTRUCTIONS OF THE ASPIRATING PUMP PRIOR TO USING THIS PRODUCT.
- ★ DO NOT DISCARD THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL UNTIL ALL THE TUBES IN THIS BOX ARE USED UP.

1. PERFORMANCE:

Measuring Range	: 4.2 - 84 ppm	9.2 - 184 ppm	20 - 400 ppm (*)	42 - 840 ppm
and Sampling Time	: 6 minutes	3 minutes	1.5 minutes	45 seconds
Number of Pump Strokes	: 4 (400mL)	2 (200mL)	1 (100mL)	1/2 (50mL)

(*) Graduations on the detector tube are based on 1 pump stroke.

Colour Change	: Yellow → Red
Detectable Limit	: 0.5ppm (4 pump strokes)
Operating Temperature	: 5 - 40 °C (41-104°F) (Temperature correction is necessary.)
Aspirating Pump	: Model AP-20, AP-20S, 400B, AP-1, AP-1S or 400A

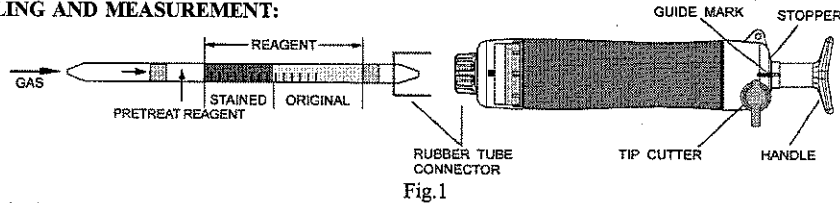
⚠ CAUTION

1. THE DETECTOR TUBE CONTAINS CHEMICAL REAGENTS.
2. DO NOT TOUCH THESE REAGENTS DIRECTLY ONCE TUBES WERE BROKEN.
3. KEEP THE TUBES OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

NOTICE

1. USE ONLY WITH PUMP MODELS AP-20, AP-20S, 400B, AP-1, AP-1S OR 400A. OTHERWISE, CONSIDERABLE ERROR IN INDICATION MAY OCCUR.
2. BEFORE TESTING, CHECK THE ASPIRATING PUMP FOR LEAKS (REFER TO ITEM 8. INSPECTION OF ASPIRATING PUMP). ANY PUMPS SHOWING SIGNS OF LEAKAGE SHOULD BE CORRECTED BEFORE USE.
3. DO NOT USE THIS TUBE OUTSIDE THE STATED OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE.
4. STORE TUBES IN A REFRIGERATED PLACE 0-10 °C (32-50°F), AND USE BEFORE EXPIRATION DATE PRINTED ON TOP OF THE BOX.
5. PRIOR TO USE, READ CAREFULLY ITEM 9. USER RESPONSIBILITY.
6. READ THE CONCENTRATION IMMEDIATELY AFTER MEASUREMENT.

2. SAMPLING AND MEASUREMENT:



- ① Break both ends of the detector tube.

⚠ CAUTION SAFETY GLASSES AND GLOVES SHOULD BE WORN TO PREVENT INJURY FROM SPLINTERING GLASS.

- ② Insert the detector tube into the aspirating pump securely as shown in Fig.1. (Arrow mark shall point to the pump.)
- ③ Align the guide marks on the shaft and stopper of the aspirating pump.
- ④ Pull the pump handle at a full stroke until it locks and wait for 1.5 minutes or until the completion of sampling is confirmed with the flow indicator of the pump (See descriptions about the flow indicator in the instruction manual of the pump).
- ⑤ On completion of the sampling, read the scale at the maximum point of the stained layer.
- ⑥ If the concentrations are below the scale range, change the tube and carry out multiple pump strokes of 2 or 4 to determine lower concentrations. On completion of each sampling, correct the reading value by the temperature correction table if necessary. In case of 2 pump strokes, multiply the value by 0.46 and in case of 4 pump strokes, multiply the value by 0.21.
- ⑦ If the concentrations are over the scale range, change the tube and carry out 1/2 pump strokes.
 - 1) Remove the detector tube from the pump.
 - 2) Turn the pump handle right or left by 1/4 (90°), push it toward to the pump.
 - 3) Insert the new tube to the pump inlet.
 - 4) Pull the pump handle at 1/2 strokes until it locks and wait for 45 seconds or until the completion of sampling is confirmed with the flow indicator of the pump.
 - 5) On completion of sampling, read the scale at the maximum point of the stained layer.

- ⑥ Then multiply the reading value by 2.1.
- ⑧ Graduations on the detector tube are based on the cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene. In case of measurement for trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, correct the reading value by the temperature correction table if necessary and multiply the value by 1.1. after completion of the sampling.

- SPECIAL NOTE:**
- I. The scale is calibrated at 20 °C (68°F), 50 %R.H. and 1013hPa. Readings obtained in other circumstances should be corrected (REFER TO ITEM 3. CORRECTION FOR AMBIENT CONDITIONS).
 - II. When the maximum point of the stained layer is unclear or oblique, read the scale at the centre between the longest and shortest points.

3. CORRECTION FOR AMBIENT CONDITIONS:

- ① Temperature; Correct the tube reading by following temperature correction table.

Tube Readings (ppm)	Temperature Correction Table	
	5 °C (41°F)	10 °C ~ 40 °C (50°F ~ 104°F)
400	475	400
350	415	350
300	355	300
250	295	250
200	235	200
150	175	150
100	115	100
50	55	50
20	20	20

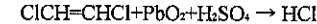
- ③ Atmospheric Pressure;

$$\text{True concentration} = \frac{\text{Temperature corrected concentration} \times 1013}{\text{Atmospheric pressure (in hPa)}}$$

4. INTERFERENCE:

Vinyl chloride, Hydrogen chloride or Trichloroethylene produces a similar stain and each coexistence of these gases with 1,2-Dichloroethylene will give higher readings. Chlorine produces a pale red stain and will give higher reading.

5. CHEMICAL REACTION IN THE DETECTOR TUBE:



6. DISPOSAL OF TUBES:

USED TUBES SHOULD BE DISPOSED CAREFULLY ACCORDING TO RELEVANT REGULATIONS, IF ANY.

7. HAZARDOUS AND DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF 1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE:

- TLV-TWA : 200 ppm
- Explosion range in air : 9.7 - 12.8 %
- ◆ Threshold Limit Value established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 2007.

8. INSPECTION OF ASPIRATING PUMP:

Checking for leaks;

- ① Insert a sealed, unbroken detector tube into the pump.
- ② Align the guide marks on the shaft and stopper of the pump.
- ③ Pull the handle to a full stroke and wait for 1 minute.
- ④ Unlock the handle and allow it to return slowly into the pump by holding the cylinder and handle securely.

⚠ CAUTION HANDLE WILL TEND TO SNAP BACK INTO THE PUMP QUICKLY.
- ⑤ If the handle returns completely to the original position, the performance is satisfactory. Otherwise, refer to the maintenance procedures shown in the instruction manual of the pump to correct the leakage.

9. USER RESPONSIBILITY:

It is the sole responsibility of the user of this equipment to ensure that the equipment is operated, maintained, and repaired in strict accordance with these instructions and the instructions provided with each Model AP-20, AP-20S, 400B, AP-1, AP-1S or 400A aspirating pump, and that detector tubes are not used which are either beyond their expiration date or have a colour change different to that stated in the Performance specifications.

The Manufacturer and Manufacturer's Distributors shall not be otherwise liable for any incorrect measurement or any damages, whether damages result from negligence or otherwise.