

INSTRUCTION MANUAL HYDROGEN SULPHIDE DETECTOR TUBE

No.120SC

- * READ CAREFULLY THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL AND THE INSTRUCTIONS OF THE ASPIRATING PUMP PRIOR TO USING THIS PRODUCT.
- ★ DO NOT DISCARD THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL UNTIL ALL THE TUBES IN THIS BOX ARE USED UP.

1. PERFORMANCE:

Measuring Range	: 50 - 1600 ppm
and Pump Stroke	: 1 pump stroke
Sampling Time	: 1 minute
Colour Change	: Pale Yellow → Dark Blue
Detectable Limit	: 20 ppm
Operating Temperature	: 0 - 40 °C (32-104°F) (Temperature correction is necessary.)
Aspirating Pump	: Model AP-20, AP-20S, 400B, AP-1, AP-1S or 400A

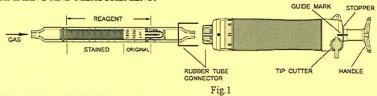
A CAUTION

- 1. THE DETECTOR TUBE CONTAINS CHEMICAL REAGENTS.
- 2. DO NOT TOUCH THESE REAGENTS DIRECTLY ONCE TUBES WERE BROKEN.
- 3. KEEP THE TUBES OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.
- 4. IF THE CONCENTRATION IS OVER THE FULL SCALE, THE HIGH CONCENTRATION OF HYDROGEN SULPHIDE REMAINS IN THE ASPIRATING PUMP. BE CAREFUL NOT TO BREATHE THE REMAINING GAS. AFTER MEASUREMENT, THE REMAINING GAS IS PUSHED OUT FROM THE BOTTOM CASE OF THE PUMP WHEN THE HANDLE IS PUSHED BACK AND PULLED. IN CASE OF THE ABOVE, PUSH BACK AND PULL THE HANDLE WITHOUT CONNECTING THE TUBE AT THE LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION DEVICE. REPEAT THIS OPERATION AT LEAST FIVE TIMES IN ORDER TO REMOVE THE REMAINING GAS.

NOTICE

- USE ONLY WITH PUMP MODELS AP-20, AP-20S, 400B, AP-1, AP-1S OR 400A. OTHERWISE, CONSIDERABLE ERROR IN INDICATION MAY OCCUR.
- BEFORE TESTING, CHECK THE ASPIRATING PUMP FOR LEAKS. (REFER TO ITEM 8. INSPECTION OF ASPIRATING PUMP.) ANY PUMPS SHOWING SIGNS OF LEAKAGE SHOULD BE CORRECTED BEFORE USE.
- 3. DO NOT USE THIS TUBE OUTSIDE THE STATED OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE.
- 4. STORE TUBES IN A COOL AND DARK PLACE (0-25 °C/32-77°F), AND USE BEFORE EXPIRATION DATE PRINTED ON THE TOP OF THE BOX.
- 5. PRIOR TO USE, READ CAREFULLY ITEM 9. USER RESPONSIBILITY.
- 6. READ THE CONCENTRATION IMMEDIATELY AFTER MEASUREMENT.

2. SAMPLING AND MEASUREMENT:



1 Break both ends of the detector tube.

▲ CAUTION SAFETY GLASSES AND GLOVES SHOULD BE WORN TO PREVENT INJURY FROM SPLINTERING GLASS.

- ② Insert the detector tube into the aspirating pump securely as shown in Fig.1. (Arrow mark shall point to the pump.)
- 3 Align the guide marks on the shaft and stopper of the aspirating pump.
- 4 Pull the pump handle at a full stroke until it locks and wait for 1 minute or until the completion of sampling is confirmed with the flow indicator of the pump. (See descriptions about the flow indicator in the instruction manual of the pump.)

(5) On completion of sampling, read the scale at the maximum point of the stained laver.

SPECIAL NOTE

I. The scale is calibrated at 20 °C (68°F), 50 %R.H. and 1013hPa. Readings obtained in other circumstances should be corrected. (REFER TO ITEM 3. CORRECTION FOR AMBIENT CONDITIONS.)

II. When the maximum point of the stained layer is unclear or oblique, read the scale at the centre between the longest and shortest points.

3. CORRECTION FOR AMBIENT CONDITIONS:

① Temperature; Correct the tube reading by following temperature correction table

② Humidity; No correction is necessary.

		Temperature Correction Table						
	Tube	Corrected Concentration (ppm)						
	Readings	0°C	10 ℃	20 ℃	30 ℃	40 °C		
	(ppm)	(32°F)	(50°F)	(68°F)	(86°F)	(104°F)		
	1600	1400	1500	1600	1700	1700		
	1400	1300	1300	1400	1500	1500		
	1200	1100	1200	1200	1300	1300		
	1000	900	1000	1000	1000	1100		
	800	700	800	800	800	900		
	600	500	600	600	600	700		
	400	400	400	400	400	400		
	300	300	300	300	300	300		
	200	200	200	200	200	200		
-4	V	1013)					

3 Atmospheric Pressure;

True concentration = Temperature corrected × concentration

Atmospheric pressure (in hPa)

4. INTERFERENCES:

More than 10ppm of Carbon monoxide changes the colour of the whole reagent to blue and gives higher readings. More than 5ppm of Ethylene, Propylene, Butylene, Acetylene or Methyl acetylene respectively with Hydrogen sulphide produces a similar stain and gives higher readings. Ammonia or Hydrogen cyanide produces a white stain. Coexistence of less than 6% of Sulphur dioxide does not affect the accuracy of readings.

5. CHEMICAL REACTION IN THE DETECTOR TUBE:

H₂S+PdSO₄+(NH₄)₂MoO₄ → PdS

6. DISPOSAL OF TUBE:

USED TUBES SHOULD BE DISPOSED CAREFULLY ACCORDING TO RELEVANT REGULATIONS, IF ANY.

7. HAZARDOUS AND DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF HYDROGEN SULPHIDE:

TLV-TWA ◆ : 1 ppm Explosion range in air : 4.0 - 45.5 %

◆ Threshold Limit Value established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 2010.

8. INSPECTION OF ASPIRATING PUMP:

Checking for leaks:

- ① Insert sealed, unbroken detector tube into the pump.
- Align the guide marks on the shaft and stopper of the pump.
- 3 Pull the handle to a full stroke and wait for 1 minute.
- 4 Unlock the handle and allow it to return slowly into the pump by holding the cylinder and handle securely.

 ACAUTION HANDLE WILL TEND TO SNAP BACK INTO THE PUMP QUICKLY.
- ⑤ If the handle returns completely to the original position, the performance is satisfactory. Otherwise, refer to maintenance procedures shown in the instruction manual of the pump to correct the leakage.

9. USER RESPONSIBILITY:

It is the sole responsibility of the user of this equipment to ensure that the equipment is operated, maintained, and repaired in strict accordance with these instructions and the instructions provided with each Model AP-20, AP-20S, 400B, AP-1, AP-1S or 400A aspirating pump, and that detector tubes are not used which are either beyond their expiration date or have a colour change different to that stated in the Performance specifications.

The Manufacturer and Manufacturer's Distributors shall not be otherwise liable for any incorrect measurement or any damages, whether damages result from negligence or otherwise.

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